

ENG

Product Data Sheet:

## Rat Insulin Wide Range ELISA

Catalogue number:

**RAI004R**

**For research use only!**

**B|G| BioVendor**  
**R&D**<sup>®</sup>

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## 1. INTENDED USE

This Rat Insulin Wide Range ELISA kit is for the quantitative determination of insulin in rat serum, plasma and fluid.

## 2. PRINCIPLES OF THE TEST

This assay is a two-site enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA). The microtiter plate is pre-coated with a monoclonal antibody against insulin. Standards and samples are added into the wells and co-incubated with a monoclonal antibody conjugated to horseradish peroxidase (HRP) enzyme. After wash step to remove any unbound substances, 3,3',5,5'-Tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) substrate is added and color develops in proportion to the amount of insulin bound initially. The assay is stopped and the optical density of the wells determined using a micro-plate reader. Since the increases in absorbance are directly proportional to the amount of captured insulin, the unknown sample concentration can be interpolated from a reference curve included in each assay.

## 3. REAGENTS PROVIDED

*Each kit is sufficient for one 96-well plate and contains the following components*

- 1 **Antibody Coated Microtitre Strips (96 wells)** Coated with a monoclonal antibody against insulin, sealed.
- 1 bottle **Wash buffer (10×)** - 30 ml.
- 1 bottle **Assay buffer** - 13 ml, ready for use.
- 1 vial **Detection antibody solution (100×)** A monoclonal antibody against insulin conjugated to horseradish peroxidase (0.12 ml).
- 1 vial **Insulin standard solutions - 0 ng/ml** (5 ml).
- 5 vials **Insulin standard solutions** - 1 ng/ml, 2.5 ng/ml, 5 ng/ml, 10 ng/ml, 20 ng/ml and 50 ng/ml (0.1 ml each), ready for use.
- 1 bottle **Substrate solution** - 12 ml, ready for use.
- 1 bottle **Stop solution** -12 ml, ready for use.
- 1 **Plate cover**

## 4. STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS – ELISA KIT

The kit should be stored at 2-8°C upon receipt. Remove any unused antibody-coated strips from the micro-plate, return them to the foil pouch and re-seal. Once opened, the strips may be stored at 2-8°C for up to one month.

## 5. MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Pipettes and pipette tips.
- 96-well plate or manual strip washer.
- Buffer and reagent reservoirs.
- Paper towels or absorbent paper.
- Plate reader capable of reading absorbency at 450 nm.
- Distilled water or deionized water.
- Horizontal micro-plate shaker capable of 600 rpm.

## 6. PREPARATION OF REAGENTS

**Bring all reagents and materials to room temperature before assay.**

### 6.1 Wash Buffer (1x)

Prepare 1×Wash buffer by mixing the 10×Wash buffer (30 ml) with 270 ml of distilled water or deionized water. If precipitates are observed in the 10× Wash buffer bottle, warm the bottle in a 37°C water bath until the precipitates disappear. The 1× Wash buffer may be stored at 2-8°C for up to one month.

### 6.2 Detection antibody solution

Prepare 1×Detection antibody solution by dilution of the 100×Detection antibody solution in Assay buffer, mix well. 100 µl of the 1×Detection antibody solution is required per well. Prepare only as much 1×Detection antibody solution as needed. Return the 100×Detection antibody solution to 2-8°C immediately after the necessary volume is removed.

## 7. SAMPLE HANDLING

No dilution of the sample is required in this assay, if a sample has an insulin level greater than the highest standard, the sample should be diluted with 0 ng/ml insulin standard solution and the assay should be repeated. It is recommended that the users establish their own dilution factors based on the concentration range of their samples

## 8. TEST PROTOCOL

It is recommended that all standards and samples be assayed in duplicate

- a. Add 5  $\mu\text{l}$  of standard or sample to its respective well.
- b. Add 100  $\mu\text{l}$  of 1x Detection antibody solution per well.
- c. Seal the plate with a plate cover. Incubate at room temperature for 90 minutes, shaking the plate at 600 rpm on a horizontal micro-plate shaker.
- d. Discard the content and tap the plate on a clean paper towel to remove residual solution in each well. Add 300  $\mu\text{l}$  of 1xWash buffer to each well. Incubate at room temperature for 20 seconds. Discard the 1xWash buffer and tap the plate on a clean paper towel to remove residual wash buffer. Repeat the wash step for a total 4 washes.
- e. Add 100  $\mu\text{l}$  of Substrate solution to each well, incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes. **Protect from light.**
- f. Add 100  $\mu\text{l}$  of Stop solution to each well, gently tap the plate frame for a few seconds to ensure thorough mixing.
- g. Measure absorbance of each well at 450 nm immediately.

## 9. CALCULATION OF RESULTS

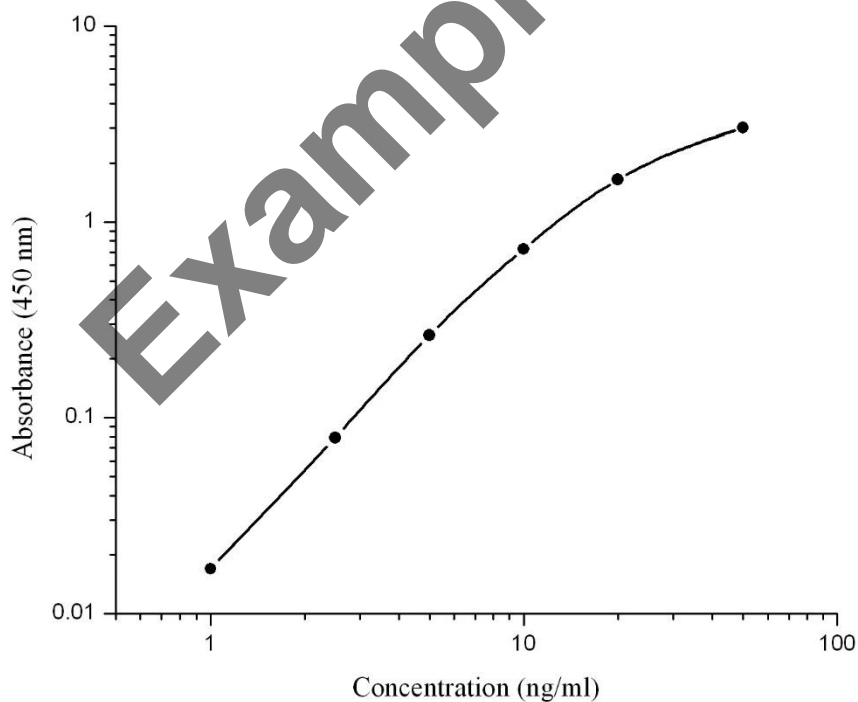
- Subtract the absorbance of the blank from that of standards and samples.
- Generate a standard curve by plotting the absorbance obtained (y-axis) against insulin concentrations (x-axis). The best fit line can be generated with any curve-fitting software by regression analysis. Log-log curve fitting or curve of 4-parameter can be used for calculation.
- Determine insulin concentration of samples from standard curve.

## 10. TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE

The following standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each assay.

Insulin (ng/ml)	Absorbance (450 nm)	Blanked Absorbance
0	0.053	0
1	0.07	0.017
2.5	0.132	0.079
5	0.316	0.263
10	0.78	0.727
20	1.702	1.649
50	3.074	3.021

*Insulin standard curve (log-log)*



## 11. ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS

### 11.1 Sensitivity

The lowest insulin level that can be measured by this assay is 1 ng/ml.

### 11.2 Precision

Intra-assay Precision (Precision within an assay) C.V. <4,5%.

Inter-assay Precision (Precision between assays) C.V. <5,4%.

### 11.3 Recovery

The recovery of the assay was determined by adding various amounts insulin to a sample. The measured concentration of the spiked sample in the assay was compared to the expected concentration. The average recovery was 91%.

### 11.4 Specificity

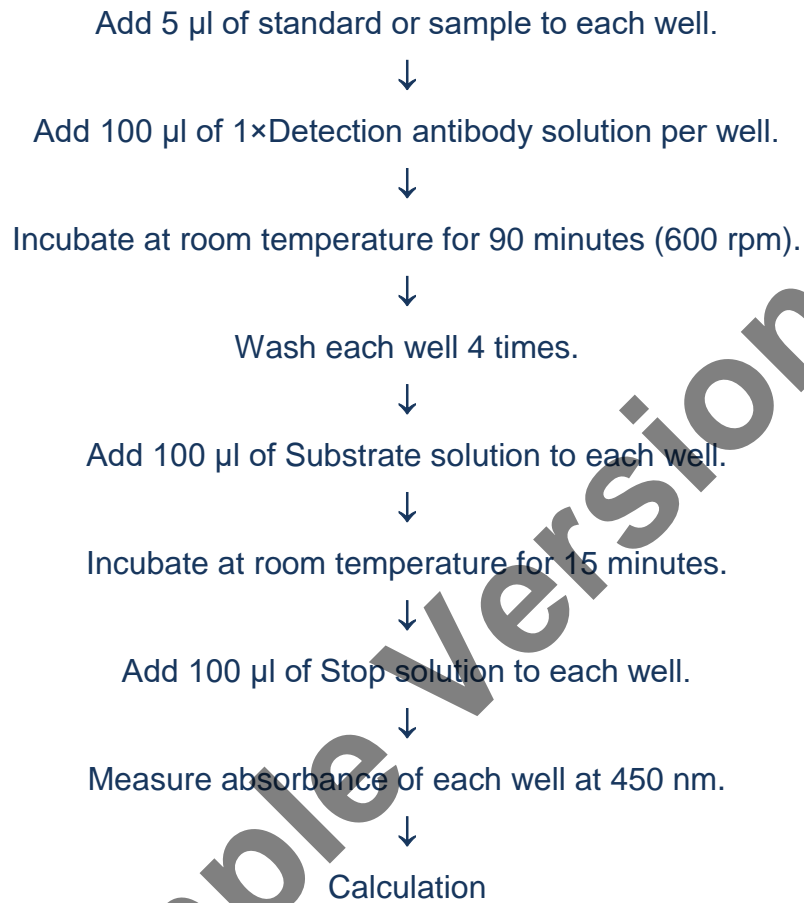
Percent of cross reactivity

Human insulin      100%

Mouse insulin      100%

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## 12. TEST PROTOCOL SUMMARY







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