

Instructions for Use

Homoarginine EDSA

Enzyme Immunoassay for the Quantitative Determination of Homoarginine in Plasma, Serum and Cell Culture Samples

RUO

For Research Use Only
Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

REF EA205/96

₹ 12 x 8

±2√5° 2 − 8 °C

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homarg-ruo_2.docx 2022-11-25

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Symbols

RUO For Research Use Only

CONT Content Expiry Date

LOT Lot Number Store at

Manufactured by Σ Sufficient for ... determinations

REF Catalogue Number Consult Instructions for Use

Hazard Pictograms



Warning



Danger

1 Introduction and Principle of the Test

Homoarginine is a non-essential cationic amino acid, which is formed from lysine. In vitro and in vivo, homoarginine shows characteristics similar to arginine. Epidemiological investigations in two large independent cohorts, namely the German diabetes dialysis (4D) - study and the Ludwigshafen Risk and Cardiovascular Health (LURIC) - study have identified homoarginine as useful predictor of cardiovascular events and mortality.

Beyond that homoarginine concentrations are directly correlated with kidney function and are significantly associated with the progression of chronic kidney disease (CKD). Low homoarginine concentrations might be an early indicator of kidney failure and a potential target for the prevention of disease progression which needs further investigations. Furthermore homoarginine could be a useful marker for the monitoring of hemodialysis patients.

Cited: J Lab Med, 2011; 35 (3): 153–159

We offer a competitive Homoarginine-ELISA using the microtiter plate format. The correlation of the ELISA method to LC-MS is exceptionally good. No interferences with any therapeutic drugs are observed. The ELISA method allows the measurement of large series of samples and is for research use only.

Homoarginine as a biomarker for the risk of mortality is applied for a patent. EP2533653A1 and US20130143240.

The competitive Homoraginine-ELISA uses the microtiter plate format. Homoarginine is bound to the solid phase of the microtiter plate. Homoarginine in the samples is acylated and competes with solid phase bound Homoarginine for a fixed number of rabbit anti-Homoarginine antiserum binding sites. When the system is in equilibrium, free antigen and free antigen-antiserum complexes are removed by washing. The antibody bound to the solid phase Homoarginine is detected by anti-rabbit/peroxidase. The substrate TMB / peroxidase reaction is monitored at 450 nm. The amount of antibody bound to the solid phase Homoarginine is inversely proportional to the Homoarginine concentration of the sample.

2 Precautions

- For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures. For professional use only.
- Material of animal origin used in the preparation of the kit have been obtained from certified healthy animals but these materials should be handled as potentially infectious.
- Individual components of different lots and test kits should not be interchanged. The expiry dates and storage conditions stated on the packaging and the labels of the individual components must be observed.
- When handling the reagents, controls and samples, the current laboratory safety guidelines and good laboratory practice should be observed.
- Wear protective clothing, disposable gloves, and safety goggles while performing the test.
- Some of the components of this test kit contain hazardous substances.
 These components bear the appropriate hazard symbol on their label.
 Further information can be found in 4. Contents of the Kit and on the relevant safety data sheets.
- Avoid contact with individual reagents, as these can cause irritation and chemical burns.
- Dispose of waste according to state and local environmental protection regulations.

3 Changes to declare

Version _2: IFU has been re-formatted. Section Precautions was up-dated. Component names as printed on labels were included in sections 7 and 8 and pipetting schemes to provide greater clarity. No changes have been made to components or execution of protocols.

4 Storage and Stability

On arrival, store the kit at 2-8 °C. Once opened the kit is stable until its expiry date. For stability of prepared reagents refer to Preparation of Reagents.

Do not use components beyond the expiration date shown on the labels.Do not mix various lots of any kit component within an individual assay.

5 Contents of the Kit

MT-Strips STRIPS 12 strips

8 wells each, break apart, precoated with Homoarginine

Standards (1 - 6)

CAL 1 - 6

6 vials

each 4 ml, ready for use, concentrations:

Standard	1	2	3	4	5	6
μmol / l	0	0.3	0.8	1.6	3.2	7
ng / ml	0	56	151	301	602	1,318

Control 1 & 2 CON 1 & 2 2 vials

each 4 ml, ready for use, Range: see QC certificate

Acylation Reagent

ACYL-REAG

3 vials

lyophilised, dissolve content in 3 ml Solvent before use

Acylation Buffer

Solvent

ACYL-BUFF

SOLVENT

1 vial

3.5 ml, ready for use

1 vial

10 ml, contains DMSO

Danger

Warning

Antiserum AS 1 vial

7 ml, ready for use, Rabbit-anti-N-acyl-Homoarginine

Enzyme Conjugate CONJ 1 vial

13 ml, ready for use, goat anti-rabbit-lgG-peroxidase

Wash Buffer WASH 1 vial

20 ml, concentrated, (50 x)

Substrate SUB 1 vial

13 ml TMB solution, ready for use

Stop Solution STOP 1 vial

13 ml, ready for use, Contains 0.3 M sulphuric acid, not corrosive

Reaction Plate ACYL-PLATE 1 piece

For acylation

Equalizing Reagent EQUA-REAG 1 vial

lyophilized, dissolve content with 21 ml dist. water, dissolve carefully to minimize foam formation

Foil 2 Stück

Ready for use

Additional materials and equipment required but not provided:

- Pipettes (20, 50, 100 and 200 μl)
- Orbital shaker
- Multichannel pipette
- Microplate washing device
- Microplate photometer (450 nm)

6 Sample Collection

Repeated freezing and thawing should be avoided.

6.1 Plasma and Serum

The test can be performed with serum as well as with EDTA plasma.

Hemolytic, ikteric and lipemic samples should not be used.

The samples can be stored up to 6 hours at 2-8 °C. For a longer storage (up to 18 months) the samples must be kept frozen at -20 °C

6.2 Cell Culture Media

Cell culture media like DMEM and RPMI have been tested successfully. Other media have to be tested by the user.

7 Preparation of Reagents

7.1 Microtiter strips

Before opening the packet of strip wells |STRIPS|, allow it to stand at room temperature for at least 10 minutes. After opening, keep any unused wells in the original foil packet with the desiccant provided. Reseal carefully and store at 2-8 °C.

7.2 Wash Buffer

Dilute the content of WASH with dist. water to a total volume of 1,000 ml. The diluted wash buffer has to be stored at 2 - 8°C and can be used for 4 weeks. For longer use until expiry date of the kit store frozen at -20°C.

7.3 Equalizing Reagent

Dissolve the content of EQUA-REAG with 21 ml dist. water, mix shortly and leave on a roll mixer or orbital shaker for 20 minutes. Handle carefully in order to minimize foam formation. The reconstituted Equalizing Reagent should be stored frozen at -20 °C and is until expiry date of the kit.

7.4 Acylation Reagent

Dissolve the content of one bottle of ACYL-REAG with 3 ml Solvent SOLVENT and shake for at least 10 minutes on a rollmixer or orbital shaker. The Acylation Reagent has always to be prepared immediately before use and is stable for at least 3 hours. After use the reagent has to be discarded. The second and third bottle allows a second and third run of the test, respectively. If the whole kit is to be used in one run it is recommended to pool the dissolved contents of two vials of Acylation Reagent.

All other reagents are ready for use.

8 Test Procedure

8.1 Test Procedure for Plasma and Serum

Bring all reagents to room temperature and mix them carefully, avoid development of foam. Duplicates are recommended for standards, controls and samples.

8.1.1 Preparation of Plasma and Serum Samples (Acylation)

The wells of the reaction plate ACYL-PLATE can be used only once. Therefore, mark the respective wells before use (Edding).

- 1. Pipette each 20 µl standard 1 6 CAL 1 6, each 20 µl control 1 & 2 CON 1 & 2 and each 20 µl sample into the respective wells of the reaction plate ACYL-PLATE.
- 2. Pipette 20 μl Acylation Buffer ACYL-BUFF into each well.
- 3. Pipette 200 µl Equalizing Reagent EQUA-REAG into each well and shake the reaction plate for 10 seconds.
- 4. Pipette 50 μl of freshly prepared Acylation Reagent ACYL-REAG each into each well, continue with point 5. immediately. Colour changes to violet.

Attention

Please note that Acylation Reagent reacts with many plastic materials including plastic trays. It does not react with normal pipette tips and with glass devices. Use an Eppendorf multipette or similar, fill the syringe directly from the vial and add well by well.

5. Incubate for 15 minutes at room temperature on an orbital shaker with medium frequency.

Take each 20 μ l of the acylated samples for the Homoarginine ELISA.

8.1.2 ELISA for Plasma and Serum Samples

- 1. Pipette each 20 μ l of prepared Standards, controls and samples into the respective wells of the coated microtiter strips STRIPS.
- 2. Pipette 50 μl Antiserum AS into each well.
- 3. Cover the plate with adhesive foil $\boxed{\text{FOIL}}$ and incubate for 90 minutes at room temperature (20 25 °C) on an orbital shaker with medium frequency.
- 4. Discard or aspirate the contents of the wells and wash with each 300 μl prepared Wash Buffer WASH. Discard or aspirate the contents of the wells and remove residual liquid by tapping the inverted plate on clean absorbent paper. Repeat the washing procedure 4 times.
- 5. Pipette 100 μl enzyme conjugate CONJ into each well.
- 6. Incubate for 25 minutes at room temperature on an orbital shaker with medium frequency.
- 7. Repeat step 4.
- 8. Pipette 100 μl Substrate SUB into each well.
- 9. Incubate for 25 ± 5 minutes at room temperature on an orbital shaker with medium frequency.
- 10. Pipette each 100 µl Stop Solution STOP into each well and mix briefly.
- 11. Read the optical density at 450 nm (reference wavelength between 570 and 650 nm) in a microplate photometer.

8.2 Test Procedure for Cell Culture Samples

The sample preparation of cell culture samples and subsequent ELISA has to be done separately and cannot be performed in parallel to the plasma and serum samples. Bring all reagents to room temperature and mix them carefully, avoid development of foam. Duplicates are recommended for standards, controls and samples.

8.2.1 Preparation of Cell Culture Samples (Acylation)

The wells of the reaction plate ACYL-PLATE for the acylation can be used only once. Please mark the respective wells before use (Edding)

- 1. Pipette each 20 μ l standard 1 6 CAL 1 6, each 20 μ l control 1 & 2 CON 1 & 2 and each 20 μ l cell culture sample into the respective wells of the Reaction Plate.
- 2. Pipette $20 \,\mu$ l standard 1 CAL 1 in each well containing cell culture samples (compensation for matrix).
- 3. Pipette 20 μl cell culture medium into each well containing standards and controls (compensation for matrix). Do not pipette into wells with cell culture samples.
- 4. Pipette 20 μl Acylation Buffer ACYL-BUFF into each well.
- 5. Pipette 200 μl Equalizing Reagent EQUA-REAG into each well and shake the reaction plate for 10 seconds.
- 6. Pipette 50 μl of freshly prepared Acylation Reagent ACYL-REAG each into each well, continue with point 7, immediately. Colour changes to violet.

Attention

Please note that Acylation Reagent reacts with many plastic materials including plastic trays. It does not react with normal pipette tips and with glass devices. Use an Eppendorf multipette or similar, fill the syringe directly from the vial and add well by well.

7. Incubate for 15 minutes at room temperature on an orbital shaker with medium frequency.

Take each 20 μ l of the acylated sample for the Homoarginine ELISA.

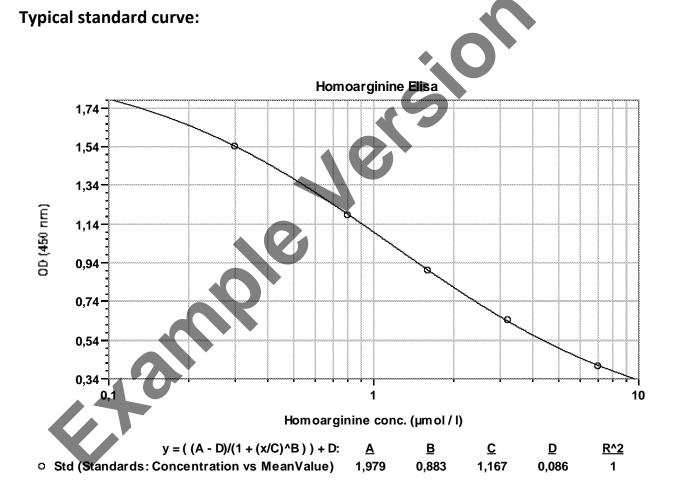
8.2.2 ELISA for Cell Culture Samples

- 1. Pipette each 20 μ l of prepared standards, controls and samples into the respective wells of the coated microtiter strips STRIPS.
- 2. Pipette 50 μl Antiserum AS into each well.
- 3. Cover the plate with adhesive foil $\boxed{\text{FOIL}}$ and incubate for 90 minutes at room temperature (20 25 °C) on an orbital shaker with medium frequency.
- 4. Discard or aspirate the contents of the wells and wash with each 300 μl prepared Wash Buffer WASH. Discard or aspirate the contents of the wells and remove residual liquid by tapping the inverted plate on clean absorbent paper. Repeat the washing procedure 4 times.
- 5. Pipette each 100 μl enzyme conjugate CONJ (into each well.
- 6. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature on an orbital shaker with medium frequency.
- 7. Repeat step 4.
- 8. Pipette each 100 μl Substrate SUB into each well.
- 9. Incubate for 30 ± 5 minutes at room temperature on an orbital shaker with medium frequency.
- 10. Pipette each 100 µl Stop Solution STOP into each well and mix briefly.
- 11. Read the optical density at 450 nm (reference wavelength between 570 nm and 650 nm) in a microplate photometer.

9 Calculation of the Results

On a semilogarithmic graph paper the concentration of the standards (x-axis, logarithmic) are plotted against their corresponding optical density (y-axis, linear). Cubic spline, 4 parameter or similar iteration procedures are recommended for evaluation of the standard curve.

The concentration of the controls and samples can be read directly from this standard curve by using their average optical density.



Quality Control: The controls included in the kit have to give results within the target range (see QC certificate). Otherwise the assay results are invalid and the test has to be repeated.

10 Assay Characteristics

10.1 Expected Values

This kit is for research use only, the values below are not for use in diagnostic procedures and should only be taken as a guideline. It is recommended that each laboratory establishes its own normal values.

Matrix	Reference Range
EDTA-plasma, serum	2.0 ± 0.7 μmol / l

10.2 Sensitivity

Lower Limit of Detection	Calculation
0.05 μmol / l	ODCal1 – 3 x SD

10.3 Specificity (Cross Reactivity)

Substance	Cross Reactivity (%)
homoarginine	100
arginine	0.025
ADMA	< 0.025
SDMA	< 0.025
monomethylarginine (NMMA)	< 0.025

10.4 Recovery after Spiking

Matrix	Range (µmol / I)	Mean (%)	Range (%)
EDTA-plasma	0.66 – 6.70	95	87 - 104
serum	1.51 – 5.10	103	97 - 107
cell culture medium	0.52 - 4.12	96	87 - 100

10.5 Linearity

Matrix	Range (µmol / I)	Highest dil.	Mean (%)	Range (%)
EDTA-plasma	0.48 - 3.76	1:7 with water	99	89 - 105
serum	0.39 - 2.68	1:7 with water	103	96 - 109
cell culture medium	0.30 - 3.30	1:10 with water	101	91 - 108

10.6 Reproducibility

Matrix	Range (µmol / I)	Intra Assay CV
EDTA-plasma	0.83 - 2.23	6.1 – 3.3 %
serum	1.30 - 2.73	4.6 – 5.6 %
cell culture medium	1.59 – 3.33	6.2 – 4.7 %

10.7 Method Comparison

Matrix	Method or Matrix	Correlation
EDTA-plasma	LC/MS	Y = 0.98 x LC/MS + 0.12; R = 0.998; N = 25
Serum	plasma	Y = 1.00 x plasma + 0.11; R = 0.965; N = 12

11 Literature

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Homoarginine levels are regulated by L-arginine: glycine amidinotransferase and affect stroke outcome; results from human and murine studies
Circulation, 2013 Sep 24, 128 (13) 1451-1461

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L-Homoarginine and L-arginine are antagonistically related to blood pressure in an elderly population: the Hoorn study

Journal of Hypertension 2013: 31:1114–1123

Pipetting Scheme – Plasma and Serum Sample Preparation

		Standards	Controls	Plasma	Serum		
ACYL-PLATE:	ACYL-PLATE:						
CAL 1 – 6	μΙ	20					
CON 1 & 2	μΙ		20				
Plasma	μΙ			20			
Serum	μΙ				20		
ACYL-BUFF	μΙ	20	20	20	20		
EQUA-REAG	μΙ	200	200	200	200		

Shake for 10 seconds

ACYL-REAG	μl	50	50 50	50

Immediately, shake for 15 minutes at room temperature Take 20 μl for the ELISA

ELISA

		Acyl.	Acyl.	Acyl.
		Standards	Controls	Samples
STRIPS:				
Transfer from ACYL- PLATE into STRIPS	μΙ	20	20	20
AS	μl	50	50	50

Cover plate with FOIL, shake for 90 minutes at room temperature Wash 4 x

CONJ	μl	100	100	100

Shake for 25 minutes at room temperature Wash 4 x

SUB	μl	100	100	100
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Shake for 25 ± 5 minutes at room temperature

STOP	μl	100	100	100
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Reading of absorbance at 450 nm (ref 570 – 650 nm)

Pipetting Scheme - Cell Culture Samples Sample Preparation

		Standards	Controls	Cell Culture Sample
ACYL-PLATE:				
CAL 1 – 6	μΙ	20		
CON 1 & 2	μΙ		20	
Cell Culture Sample	μΙ			20
CAL 1	μΙ			20
Cell Culture Medium	μΙ	20	20	
ACYL-BUFF	μΙ	20	20	20
EQUA-REAG	μΙ	200	200	200

Shake plate for 10 seconds

ACYL-REAG	μl	50	50	50
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Immediately, shake for 15 minutes at room temperature Take 20 μ l for the ELISA

ELISA

		Acyl.	Acyl.	Acyl.
		, Standards	Controls	Samples
STRIPS:				
Transfer from ACYL- PLATE into STRIPS	μl	20	20	20
AS	μl	50	50	50

Cover plate with FOIL, shake for 90 minutes at room temperature Wash 4 x

	CONJ	μl	100	100	100
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Shake for 30 minutes at room temperature Wash 4 x

SUB	μl	100	100	100
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Shake for 30 ± 5 minutes at room temperature

STOP	μl	100	100	100
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Reading of absorbance at 450 nm (ref 570 – 650 nm)